Lone urethral injury following sexual intercourse- A rare case report abstract

Narendar Tiramdas¹,* , Sadhan Kumar¹, PVLN. Murthy¹, Vinay Kumar¹
¹Dept. of Urology, Kamineni Institute of Medical Sciences, Narketpally, Nalgonda, Telangana, India

ABSTRACT

Penile fracture after coitus present with excruciating pain, detumescence, swelling, deformation and ecchymosis. Penile fracture associated with urethral rupture occurs only in 10% to 20% cases. Isolated corpus spongiosum and urethral injury without corpus cavernosum injury is extremily rare with five male patients described in the literature. We report a patient, who presented with typical features of penile fracture, was found to have an isolated penile urethral injury on surgical exploration and underwent primary repair.

1. Introduction

Penile fracture is defined as rupture of corpus cavernosum because of trauma to the erect penis. Penile fracture with or without urethral injury is an uncommon urological emergency.¹ It often occurs by unusual sexual intercourse or masturbation. Penile fracture usually associated with snapping sound, severe pain and rapid detumescence. Gross hematuria or voiding difficulty symptoms suggest associated urethra injury. Isolated urethral and spongiosum injury are very rare and might occur without any symptoms. It is usually diagnosed on the basis of clinical findings and surgical exploration. We report a case of isolated penile urethral injury following sexual intercourse.

2. Case Report

A 35- year-old male presented to the emergency department complaining of pain, progressive penile swelling and deformity with 6 hours duration. The penile trauma occurred while doing sexual intercourse with his wife after taking alcohol. He forcefully tried to insert penis into the vagina and hit the pubic symphysis of the wife in normal (supine) position. He felt rapid detumescence and bleeding per urethra. He presented to causality 6hrs after the incident. He passed blood stained urine mainly at the beginning of the stream, after that penile swelling was gradually increasing in size. Physical examination revealed a swollen, deformed, dusky coloured flaccid phallus with blood at the tip of the meatus (Figure 1).

The ultrasound showed breach in the corpus spongiosum with haematoma in the distal penile region. With the provisional diagnosis of penile fracture, patient agreed for emergency surgical exploration under spinal anaesthesia.

After giving prophylactic antibiotic intravenously, a subcoronal circumferential incision was made and degloved up to the base of the penis. A small hematoma was found on the ventral surface of the penis. The tunica albugenia over the corpus cavernosum found to be intact. On further debridement of haematoma revealed a vertical full thickness.

Tear of size 3*2 cm noted over the ventral surface of penile urethra (Figure 2). Primary Urethral repair was done using 4-0 vicryl in two layers over 14F foleys catheter (Figure 3). The circumcisional Incision was closed with interrupted sutures. Penile dressings applied in penis elevated position. Post op period was uneventful. Patient
was discharged with foley catheter on postoperative day 8.

![Fig. 1: Gross image of penile fracture](image1)

The foley catheter was removed after 28 days, and patient was able to void to completion without difficulty. On recent follow-up after 6 weeks, his erectile function was preserved without any urinary complaints.

3. Discussion

Anatomically the penis is composed of three columns of tissues, dorsally two columns of corpus cavernosum and ventrally corpus spongiosum. The two columns of corpus cavernosum covered by tunica albugenia. The two columns of corpus cavernosum contains the urethra and does not contributes for penile rigidity.

Penile fractures are mostly due to abnormal sexual positions like female superior position (reverse). Because of sudden blunt trauma to the penis, tear in the tunica albuginea will occur. Penile fractures most commonly occurs on the ventrolateral aspect of the penis. Usually concomitant urethral injury is greatly associated with bilateral corporal injury than unilateral corporal injury.

The clinical diagnosis of penile fracture mainly made by a “pop” sound, followed by rapid detumescence, pain, swelling and “egg-plant” penile deformity. Ulltasonography, cavernosography, magnetic resonance imaging can be used for diagnosis in equivocal cases for assessing the degree of injury. Retrograde urethrography or urethroscopy can be used to demonstrate urethral injury, which has been described in the literature.

Emergency surgical exploration is the definitive diagnostic procedure for penile fractures. Immediate exploration yields few complications and better long-term results than conservative treatment. The main principles of repair include degloving of penile skin, evacuation of hematoma, repair of tunica albuginea tear, urethral injury repair and urethral catherisation.

Usually one month absence from sex is advised following penile fracture. Erectile dysfunction, painful erection, penile deviation, wound infection, urethral stricture and urethrocutaneous fistula formation are the usual complication following penile fractures with or without surgical repair. In our case, isolated urethral injury was properly diagnosed and repaired on emergency surgical exploration. We have not observed any complications after surgery in our patient till now.

4. Conclusion

This case highlights the high index of suspicion for isolated penile urethral and corpus spongiosum injury during sexual intercourse. based on clinical findings and
following the management principles of penile fractures and urethral injury, this rare entity of isolated urethral injury can be diagnosed and managed successfully without any complications.

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6. Conflict of Interest

The authors declare they have no conflict of interest.

References


Author biography

Narendar Tiramdas, Assistant Professor
Sadhan Kumar, Post Graduate
PVLN. Murthy, Professor
Vinay Kumar, Assistant Professor